

(Translation)

Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: June 25, 2021

Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.

Masataka Fujiwara, Representative Director President

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Securities code: 9532

<https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/index.html>

The status of corporate governance of Osaka Gas Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) is described as follows.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views (Updated)

As a corporate group that powers “continuous advancement” in consumer life and business, our Corporate Principle is to create four types of value: “Value for Customers,” “Value for Society,” “Value for Shareholders” and “Value for Employees” by providing various products and services relating to not only the energy business, including natural gas, electricity and LPG, but also its peripheral services and non-energy businesses, such as urban development, materials and information businesses.

Under this Corporate Principle, the Company and its affiliates (the “Group”) will respond appropriately to the exercising of shareholder rights, and work toward maintaining and increasing a sense of trust by dialogue and cooperation with its stakeholders. In addition, the Group will continue to enhance and strengthen corporate governance in order to respond quickly and appropriately to changes in the business environment surrounding the Group, make transparent, fair and decisive decisions, and execute business efficiently and appropriately.

[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

[Principle 4.11] (Preconditions for Ensuring Effectiveness of Board of Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board)
Currently appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Members are not certified public accountant, tax accountant, or other expert, or a person with practical experience in finance or accounting. However, all Audit & Supervisory Board Members have sufficient knowledge and expertise to fulfill their duties as an audit & supervisory board member, including extensive experience in organizational management and wide-ranging insights.

Regarding the full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members, at the time of appointment we provide opportunities to acquire knowledge on finance, accounting, legal affairs, etc. considering the expected role as an Audit & Supervisory Board member. We also provide regular training opportunities so that they can learn and update their latest knowledge taking law reforms, etc. into account even after appointment as an Audit & Supervisory Board member. They also actively participate in training and study meetings sponsored by the Japan Audit & Supervisory Board Members Association.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] (Updated)

[Principle 1.4] (Cross-shareholdings)

The Group has stipulated the following in its rules on the purchase and management of third-party stocks:

- That stocks may be held and only if sales/procurement transactions and cooperation with other companies through business alliances are necessary for promoting the Group’s business and the purchase can be

expected to contribute to the Group's business;

- That after the stock purchase, it will be regularly confirmed whether continued ownership makes sense, and reports will be made to the Board of Directors;
- That impact on the market is to be taken into account before any sale of stocks that no longer make much sense to own.

Pursuant to these rules, the Company's Board of Directors verifies that its investment targets contribute to the Group's business through transactions, business alliances, etc., and that the distributions, profit from related transactions, and other related revenue from its investment targets for each individual issue exceed the target capital cost, and sells stocks that no longer make much sense to own sequentially after taking into account the impact on the market, the loss or gain on sale, funding needs, and other factors. In FY2021, the Company sold four issues. With respect to the exercise of voting rights, the Company examines the content of proposals through various methods, including dialogue with the investee, and decides whether to approve or disapprove, taking into consideration whether the proposal will contribute to the sustainable growth and medium- and long-term corporate value of the company concerned and whether there is any risk of damaging the corporate value of the Group.

[Principle 1.7] (Related Party Transactions)

The Group complies with the stipulations of the Companies Act, and if Directors engage in competitive transactions or conflict of interest transactions, the Board of Directors' rules stipulate that such transactions require approval of and report to the Board of Directors.

A briefing is given when Directors are appointed concerning competitive transactions or conflict of interest transactions. Subsequently, an opportunity is provided to the Directors every year to confirm whether there have been such transactions by the individual and other directors.

[Principle 2.6] (Performance of Functions as Corporate Pension Asset Owner)

The Company allocates human resources possessing the necessary experience and quality for corporate pension investment. They gain knowledge of operations through participation in training and seminars and obtain support from pension investment consultants to increase their investment expertise.

Investment of reserve funds is entrusted to multiple investment management institutions after a comprehensive evaluation of their investment policies, experience and track record in pension investment, systems for compliance with laws and regulations, and other factors. The Company fully delegates selection of individual investment targets and voting to the investment management institutions to avoid any conflicts of interest between pension beneficiaries and the Company. In monitoring, we confirm the status of compliance with the Stewardship Code of the institutions that manages domestic stocks.

[Principle 3-1] (Full Disclosure)

(1) Corporate Principle, Business Strategy and Business Plans

The Group has formulated and announced its Daigas Group Corporate Principle, and is striving to enhance its medium- and long-term corporate value through fair and transparent business practices.

In formulating and announcing its business strategy and business plans, the Company discloses its earnings plans, capital policy, and basic policy as well as its goals on ROIC(Return on Invested Capital) (*1), Shareholders' equity ratio, D (Debt) / E (Equity) ratio, and its target dividend payout ratio to explain its efforts to continuously improve corporate value to its shareholders and investors.

(*1) ROIC = (Ordinary profit + Interest expenses - Interest income - Income taxes) / (Interest-bearing debts + Shareholders' equity)

Interest-bearing debts excludes risk-free Leased liabilities to us.

The Daigas Group Corporate Principle and business plans are provided at the following website:

<https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/index.html>

(2) Basic Principles on Corporate Governance

The basic principles on corporate governance are as provided in "II. Basic Views" of this report.

(3) Policy and Procedures for Deciding Officer Remuneration

The policy and procedures for deciding officer remuneration are as provided in "II 2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System), (4) Policies on Deciding Remuneration for Officers."

(4) Policy and Procedures concerning Selection etc. of Officer Candidates

The policy and procedures concerning selection of officer candidates are as provided in “II 2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System), (5) Policies on selecting candidates for Directors and on selecting and dismissing Representative Directors and other executive Directors.”

(5) Reasons for Selecting Officer Candidates

Explanations regarding the selection of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member candidates are provided in the reference documents of the shareholders meeting convocation notice.

[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1] (Overview of the Scope of Management Delegation)

The Directors make up the Board of Directors and make important business decisions as well as monitor and supervise business operations.

The Board of Directors establishes its meeting rules, agenda standards for items to be discussed at the meetings, make resolutions and approve important business matters relating to the Group. Important business matters include making decisions on the Group’s business plans, establishing important organizations, making important personnel decisions, making decisions on important investments and contracts, etc. exceeding a certain amount. As for other matters, executive Directors, Executive Officers, and organizational heads are delegated authority for operations in accordance with the Company’s internal rules stipulating job responsibilities and job authorities. To supervise operations, the executive Directors reports the status of operations at least once every three months to the Board of Directors.

[Principle 4.9] (Independence Criteria and Qualification for Independent Directors)

Criteria for judging the independence of the Company’s outside Directors are as provided in “II. 1. Organizational Composition and Operation [Independent Officers] Other Matters regarding Independent Officers” of this report.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1] (Point of View regarding Overall Balance of the Board of Directors, Diversity and Size)

The Company’s Board of Directors makes important management decisions and supervises operations. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, the maximum number of Directors is 15 and the Board is comprised of internal Directors and multiple outside Directors.

To attain sustainable growth and improve medium- and long-term corporate value for the Group, candidates for Directors are in principle selected from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account.

In addition and in principle, based on medium- and long-term management plans, Internal Directors shall have experience and expertise, etc. in corporate management, financial accounting, marketing, risk management, etc. of the Group, including the energy business, and outside Directors shall have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2] (Status of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members Holding Concurrent Positions)

There may be a case where the Company’s Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members at times serve concurrently as an Officer for another listed company, however, the number thereof is within a reasonable range, and important concurrent positions held are disclosed annually in the business report as well as in the reference documents which are attached to the shareholders meeting convocation notice. Concurrent positions held by Directors are reported regularly to the Board of Directors to make sure that there are no problems with the Director fulfilling his/her duties to the Company.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3] (Analysis and Evaluation of Effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a Whole)

Each fiscal year, the Company analyzes and evaluates the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, centering on outside Officers (outside Directors and outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members).

Specifically, the Board of Directors Secretariat conducted questionnaires and interviews with all Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members individually on the operation of the Board of Directors and the advisory committee, the provision of extensive information to outside Officers at an earlier stage, and whether the opinions received from outside Officers during evaluation last year (e.g., provision of information on the

results of investment projects and financial strategies, and other measures to deepen understanding of proposals for the Board of Directors) have been addressed, in line with the evaluation by the external specialized organization, and based on the results thereof, held discussions with all outside Officers, and made its evaluations, which confirmed that such matters have been appropriately addressed.

The Company will take into consideration the opinions of outside Officers, and take initiative to enhance discussions by further increasing the provision of information on important management challenges of the Group, etc., and otherwise further enhance the effectiveness of the Board of Director going forward.

[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2] (Training Policy for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members)

When appointed, the Company provides internal Officers an opportunity to acquire knowledge regarding their roles, legal duties to be complied with, and responsibilities expected for a Director or Audit & Supervisory Board Member. Subsequently, the Company regularly provides opportunities internally or externally for Officers to receive training regarding legal affairs, risk management, compliance, and other matters to continue to acquire knowledge necessary for comprehension of legal revisions and other latest world trends. Further, as part of the succession plan for top management, human resources to oversee the Company’s management are fostered through measures like systematic rotation of the areas of responsibility of internal Directors and Executive Officers.

As for outside Officers, the Company explains the Group’s businesses and offers an opportunity to the Officers upon appointment to deepen their understanding so that they can put to practice their expertise and experience in each of their fields for supervising and auditing the Company’s business. Later, the Company also offers opportunities as necessary in which the business environment and business trends are explained accurately in a timely manner so that outside Officers can gain an understanding.

[Principle 5.1] (Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders)

The Company looks to build long-term relationships with its shareholders and investors based on trust by making timely and fair information disclosures regarding the Group’s business and finances and by engaging in constructive dialogue with them.

Dialogue with the Company’s shareholders and investors is led by the Representative Director, Executive Vice-President, President of Corporate Planning Headquarters, and operated mainly by the IR team, Finance Department, each Business Unit, and relevant divisions work in a coordinated manner to communicate effectively in accordance with the themes of the dialogue.

Specifically, the Company conducts quarterly briefings for analysts and institutional investors. In addition, the Company holds individual IR meetings, ESG-focused meetings, and other meetings in response to the needs of analysts and institutional investors.

For individual investors, the Company offers briefings as necessary and provides an explanation on the businesses and management plans on the Company website (*1). The Company also conducts inspection tours of its facilities, mainly for individual investors.

Moreover, the Company prepares and releases publications such as annual reports, fact books, and CSR reports.

The Company provides opportunities for management to communicate with shareholders and investors, and the IR team appropriately provides feedback from shareholders and investors to the Board of Directors and management.

The Company has established a disclosure policy (*2) concerning insider information (material information not yet made public) pursuant to its information disclosure rules and insider trading rules and has rules against transmitting insider information. The two-week period leading up to a results announcement is designated as a “quiet period” and no information is given out regarding the upcoming financial results announcement during this period.

(*1) URL: <https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/index.html>

(*2) URL: <https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/disclosure-policy/index.html>

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	From 20% to less than 30%
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[Status of Major Shareholders] (Updated)

Name / Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	33,787,100	8.13
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	20,631,100	4.96
Nippon Life Insurance Company	19,242,584	4.63
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account 7)	11,561,900	2.78
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	11,188,780	2.69
Resona Bank, Limited	10,555,416	2.54
STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT-TREATY 505234	6,320,308	1.52
Aioi Nissay Dowa Insurance Co., Ltd.	5,973,183	1.44
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	5,838,261	1.40
JPMorgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd.	5,569,046	1.34

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company)	—
Parent Company	None

Supplementary Explanation (Updated)

- Above information on Status of Major Shareholders is based on the list as of March 31, 2021.
- The large shareholding report made available to public inspection on January 7, 2021 states that three companies: Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd., Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management Co., Ltd., and Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd. jointly owned 25,136,000 shares of the Company's stock as of December 31, 2020 (6.03% of the total number of outstanding shares), but the portion of the actual number of shares they held at the end of the fiscal year that the Company cannot confirm is not included in the above description of major shareholders.

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Market and Market Section	First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section of the Nagoya Stock Exchange
Fiscal Year-End	March
Type of Business	Electric Power & Gas
Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1000
Sales (consolidated) of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1 trillion yen
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	From 100 to less than 300

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

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5. Other Special Circumstances which may Have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

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II. Status of Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Organization Form	Company with Audit & Supervisory Board
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[Directors] (Updated)

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	15
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	One year
Chairperson of the Board	Chairman of the Company (except when also serving as President)
Number of Directors	10
Appointment of outside Directors	Yes
Number of outside Directors	4
Of the outside Directors, Number Appointed as Independent Officers	4

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1) (Updated)

Name	Attribute	Relationship with the Company*											
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Hideo Miyahara	Academic												
Kazutoshi Murao	From another company												
Tatsuo Kijima	From another company												
Yumiko Sato	Academic												

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"△" when the director fell under the category in the past

* "●" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past

a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries

b. Non-executive Director or executive of a parent company of the Company

c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company

d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof

e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof

f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as an Officer

g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)

h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)

i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside Directors are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)

- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Others

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2) (Updated)

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons for Appointment
Hideo Miyahara	○	None of a. through k. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Directors from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Director candidates.</p> <p>Mr. Miyahara has made numerous considerable research-related achievements in the field of information engineering. In addition, he held positions as Dean of Graduate School of Information Science and Technology, Osaka University, and President of Osaka University, and has deep insight particularly in information science and technology as well as considerable experience and extensive knowledge in organizational management. Since assuming the office of Director of the Company in June 2013, Mr. Miyahara has appropriately performed his duties as an outside Director, so the Company considers him qualified as an outside Director and has appointed him to serve. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Mr. Miyahara satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that he is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.</p>
Kazutoshi Murao	○	None of a. through k. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Directors from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the</p>

			<p>individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Director candidates.</p> <p>Mr. Murao has the experience of serving as Representative Director and President of NIPPON TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE WEST CORPORATION and has considerable experience and extensive knowledge particularly in corporate and organizational management. Since assuming the office of Director of the Company in June 2019, Mr. Murao has appropriately performed his duties as an outside Director, so the Company considers him qualified and has appointed him as an outside Director. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Mr. Murao satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that he is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.</p>
Tatsuo Kijima	○	None of a. through k. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Directors from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Director candidates.</p> <p>Mr. Kijima has the experience of serving as President, Representative Director and Executive Officer of West Japan Railway Company and has considerable experience and extensive knowledge particularly in corporate and organizational management. Since assuming the office of Director of the Company in June 2020, Mr. Kijima has appropriately performed his duties as an outside Director, so the Company considers him qualified as an outside Director and has appointed him to serve. Further, because the Company</p>

			has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Mr. Kijima satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that he is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.
Yumiko Sato	○	None of a. through k. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Directors from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Director candidates.</p> <p>Ms. Sato has made numerous considerable achievements in the field of social studies related to life and culture. In addition, she held positions as General Manager of Next Generation Institute of Suntory Co., Ltd. and Trustee of Otemon Gakuin Educational Foundation, and has deep insight particularly in life and culture as well as considerable experience and extensive knowledge in organizational management, so the Company considers her qualified as an outside Director and has appointed her to serve. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Ms. Sato satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that she is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.</p>

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) Corresponding to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee	Established
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Status of Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s), Composition of Members, and Attributes of Chairperson
(Updated)

	Committee Corresponding to Nomination Committee	Committee Corresponding to Remuneration Committee
Committee's Name	Advisory Committee Relating to Officer Appointment etc.	Advisory Committee on Remuneration
All Committee Members	5	6
Full-time Members	0	0
Inside Directors	1	2
Outside Directors	4	4
Outside Experts	0	0
Other	0	0
Chairperson	Mutual Election	Mutual Election

Supplementary Explanation **(Updated)**

The Company has voluntarily established advisory committees to discuss matters concerning the appointment of Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members, appointment and dismissal of Representative Director and other executive Directors, as well as the policy for determining Directors' remuneration, and the details of remuneration.

The voluntary advisory committees are comprised of inside and outside members, with outside committee members being all of the outside Directors (all four members satisfy the criteria for determining independence specified by the Company). The inside committee members are the President or if necessary persons designated by the President (the President may designate up to one member who is a Representative Director). The committee members falling under "Other" in the above table are the three outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members. The committee chairperson is appointed by the committee members.

The advisory committee meetings relating to appointment etc. of Officers in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 was held in October 2020 and February 2021 and deliberated on matters relating to the appointment of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and appointment and dismissal etc. of Representative Directors and other executive Directors etc. The advisory committee meetings relating to remuneration was held in May and December 2020 and February 2021 and deliberated on such matters as the Policy on Determining Remuneration, appropriateness of the calculation method for the portion linked to business results, payment coefficient, and remuneration levels.

[Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

Establishment of Audit & Supervisory Board	Established
Maximum Number of Audit & Supervisory Board Members Stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation	5
Number of Audit & Supervisory Board Members	5

Cooperation among Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Departments

The effectiveness and quality of auditing are improved through enhanced mutual cooperation by sharing information as necessary, including holding regular meetings concerning annual audit plans and audit reports. Further, the Head of the Auditing Department and outside Officers (outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and outside Directors) exchange opinions regarding the status of internal controls and risk management.

Appointment of outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Appointed
Number of outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	3
Number of outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members Designated as Independent Officers	3

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attribute	Relationship with the Company*												
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
Yoko Kimura	Other													
Eiji Hatta	Academic													
Shigemi Sasaki	Other													

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* "○" when the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"△" when the person fell under the category in the past

* "●" when a close relative of the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the person fell under the category in the past

a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiary

b. Non-executive Director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries

c. Non-executive Director or executive of a parent company of the Company

d. Audit & Supervisory Board Member of a parent company of the Company

e. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company

f. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof

g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof

h. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as an Officer

i. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)

j. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of f, g, or h) (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

k. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members are mutually appointed (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

l. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

m. Others

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Relationship with the Company (2)

Name	Designation as Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons of Appointment
Yoko Kimura	○	None of a. through m. above are applicable.	The Company in principle selects candidates for Audit & Supervisory Board Members from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their

			<p>knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member candidates. Ms. Kimura has considerable experience and professional knowledge, having served as the Executive Director of CLAIR (Council of Local Authorities for International Relations) and a Trustee at Nara Women's University, so the Company considers her qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member and she has been appointed to serve. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Ms. Kimura satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that she is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.</p>
Eiji Hatta	○	None of a. through m. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Audit & Supervisory Board Members from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member candidates. Mr. Hatta has an outstanding career</p>

			<p>as a Professor at Doshisha University (industrial organization theory and quantitative economics) and has considerable experience in organizational management as President of Doshisha University, so the Company considers him qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member and has appointed him. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Mr. Hatta satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that he is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.</p>
Shigemi Sasaki	○	None of a. through m. above are applicable.	<p>The Company in principle selects candidates for Audit & Supervisory Board Members from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality etc., taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account, and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member candidates. Mr. Sasaki has considerable experience and professional knowledge in law as Chief Justice of the Takamatsu High Court and Chief Justice of the Osaka High Court, so the Company considers him qualified as an outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member and has appointed him. Further, because the Company has specified criteria for determining independence of outside Officers, i.e., not having</p>

			any special conflict of interest relationship with the Company impacting decision-making, and Mr. Sasaki satisfies those criteria, the Company judges that he is adequately independent and that there is no concern that there will be a conflict of interest with general shareholders.
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[Independent Officers] (Updated)

Number of Independent Officers	7
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Other Matters regarding independent Officers

<p>All outside Officers of the Company (four outside Directors and three outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members) are appointed as independent officers.</p> <p>The Company has established criteria for determining the independence of its outside Officers as follows.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The individual may not be an executive Director, Officer, Executive Officer, or employee (“business operator”) of the Company or its affiliates (the “Company Group”) and may not have been a business operator of the Company Group for ten (10) years prior to being appointed. 2. The individual may not be a major vendor of the Company (*1) or an executive thereof, and may not have been a business operator of the same for three (3) years prior. 3. The individual may not be a major client of the Company (*2) or an executive thereof, and may not have been a business operator of the same for three (3) years prior. 4. The individual may not be a major shareholder (an individual or entity which owns 10% or more of the total voting rights of the Company, hereafter the same) or an executive thereof. 5. The individual may not be an executive of an entity for which the Company is a major shareholder. 6. The individual may not be receiving substantial donations (*3) from the Company or be an executive for an entity receiving such donations. 7. In addition to remuneration as an Officer, the individual may not receive substantial remuneration (*4) from the Company as a consultant, an accounting specialist such as a Certified Public Accountant, etc. or as a legal specialist such as an attorney, etc. (if the entity receiving the fees concerned is a corporation or a limited liability company, etc., any individual belonging to such an organization). The individual also may not be the Accounting Auditor of the Company Group. 8. If a business operator of the Company is an outside officer of another company, the individual may not be an executive at the company concerned, the parent company or subsidiary of the company concerned. 9. The individual may not be a close relative (spouse or a relation in the second degree) of persons listed below: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Persons who are currently or have been a Director, Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Executive Officer or a key employee with an equivalent position (“important executive”) for the Company Group within the past three years. (b) Of the persons in 2-6 above, those who are important executives. (c) Of the persons listed in 7 above, those who have professional licenses such as CPAs, attorneys, etc. 10. In addition to 1-9 above, individuals must not have issues that could cause constant and real conflicts of interest against the Company’s general shareholders. <p>*1. Payment amount to vendor accounts for 2% of consolidated sales or more *2. Received amount from client accounts for 2% of the Company Group’s consolidated sales or more, or the loan balance outstanding is 2% of the Company Group’s consolidated gross assets or more *3. More than 10 million yen on average over the past three years *4. The larger of more than 10 million yen on average over the past three years or an amount equivalent to 2%</p>
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of total sales (total revenues) of the organization to which payment is made (three-year average)

Even if the individual does not satisfy one of the criteria listed above in 1-10, if the individual is suitable as an independent officer, the Company may still appoint him/her as an independent officer of the Company by providing an explanation or disclosing the reasons.

[Incentives]

Incentive Policies for Directors	Performance-linked remuneration system established
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Supplementary Explanation (Updated)

To encourage Officers' efforts to realize consistent growth and increase medium- and long-term corporate value, about 40% of overall remuneration is linked to the business results of the Company, with the primary indicator being the current net profit (consolidated net profit) attributable to parent company shareholders in the past three years.

The voluntary advisory committee meetings in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 were held in May and December 2020 and February 2021 in accordance with rules specified by the Board of Directors and deliberated on such matters as the appropriateness of the calculation method for the portion linked to business results, payment coefficient, and remuneration levels, which were then decided by Representative Director President.

Recipients of Stock Options	
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Supplementary Explanation

[Director Remuneration]

Disclosure of Individual Directors' Remuneration	No Individual Disclosure
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Supplementary Explanation (Updated)

Remuneration paid to Directors in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 reached 415 million yen (Note: This includes remuneration for the four Directors who resigned as of the end of the 202nd Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on June 26, 2020).

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods	Established
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Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

The policy on determining remuneration amounts and calculation methods are as provided in "II 2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System), (4) Policies on Deciding Remuneration for Officers."

[Support System for Outside Directors and/or Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

Outside Directors are assisted by the Secretariat Department and outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members are assisted by the Office of Audit & Supervisory Board. To deepen their overall knowledge of the Company, opportunities are provided so that information can be provided in a timely and appropriate manner to outside Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

[Status of Those Who Resigned from Representative Director, President etc.] (Updated)

Name etc. of Senior Advisor/Advisor who is a Former President and Representative Director etc.

Name	Title / Status	Content of Operation	Working Form/Conditions (Full-time/Part-time , Paid/Unpaid, etc.)	Date of Retirement from President, etc.	Term
Hiroshi Ozaki	Senior Advisor	External activities with industry groups and business circles and contributions to local communities, among other things	Full Time/ With Compensation	March 31, 2015	Renewed every year
Akio Nomura	Special Advisor	External activities with industry groups and business circles and contributions to local communities, among other things	Part Time/ With Compensation	June 27, 2003	Renewed every year
Shin-ichiro Ryoki	Special Advisor	External activities with industry groups and business circles and contributions to local communities, among other things	Part Time/ With Compensation	June 26, 1998	Renewed every year

Total number of counselors, advisors, etc., who previously held positions such as Representative Director President

3

Other Matters

The Company sometimes appoints counselors and special advisors. Presently, one Senior Advisor and two Special Advisors have been appointed.

2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) (Updated)

(1) Corporate Governance System of the Company

The Company has selected to be a company with Audit & Supervisory Board and adopted an executive officer system. The Corporate governance system of the Company is as follows.

a. Board of Directors, Directors of the Company

The Board of Directors consists of 10 Directors (including four outside Directors). Its mission is to formulate the Board of Directors Regulations and standards for voting on resolutions in the Board of Directors, make swift and appropriate decisions about important matters that affect the whole Group including subsidiaries and to enhance supervisory capabilities.

The Articles of Incorporation stipulate that there shall be no more than 15 Directors. They also direct that appointment of Directors is to take place with a quorum of shareholders possessing at least one-third of shareholder voting rights and by a majority of voting rights held by shareholders present, and that no cumulative voting may be used for appointing Directors.

12 Board of Directors meetings were held in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. Meetings discussed the Group's management plans, the establishment of important organizations, important human resources matters,

execution of important investments and agreements greater than a certain amount, and operational status reports etc. from executive Directors.

b. Executive Officers

The Company has adopted an executive officer system (Executive Officers consists of Executive President, Executive Vice Presidents, Senior Executive Officers, and Executive Officers), which enables the Directors of the Company to focus on making business decision and monitoring and supervisory functions, and worked toward strengthening the business efficiency and the supervisory functions by vitalizing the Board of Directors. Executive Officers perform duties determined by the Board of Directors, and some Representative Directors and Directors concurrently serve as Executive Officers to make management decision-making more accurate and efficient.

c. Management Meeting

The Company examines basic management policies and important management issues at the management meeting and fully deliberates the foregoing before decision-making. In accordance with internal regulations, the management meeting consists of the President, Executive Vice President, Senior Executive Officer, Head of Corporate Headquarters, and Head of Business Division (including the President of Network Company). In principle, management meeting is held three times per year as “ESG Council”, which deliberate on activity plans and report on activities related to promotion of ESG management.

d. Audit & Supervisory Board, Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Audit & Supervisory Board consists of five Audit & Supervisory Board Members, of whom three are outside Auditors and each Audit & Supervisory Board Member monitors the execution of work duties by the Directors.

e. Auditing Department

The Company established the Auditing Department as an internal audit division. Based on a yearly auditing plan, it evaluates, from independent and neutral viewpoints, the adequacy of business activities in light of in-house standards, their efficiency, and the appropriateness of various systems and standards adopted by the Company. In addition to giving recommendations and conducting follow-ups that lead to business improvements in the organizations subject to audit, the department summarizes the issues and reports its results to the Management Meeting. The Auditing Department is subject to periodical evaluation from an outside party to maintain and improve its auditing abilities.

f. Advisory Committee

The advisory committee consists of all the outside Directors (four), the President and, if necessary, a person appointed by the President (the President may appoint up to one person from among the other Representative Directors). From the perspective of ensuring objectivity and transparency in the decision-making process, the advisory committee deliberates on matters related to the election of candidates for Directors and Corporate Auditors, matters related to the selection and dismissal of Representative Directors and other executive Directors, and matters related to the remuneration of Directors. The committee chairperson is appointed by the committee members.

g. ESG Committee

The Company has established the ESG Committee to coordinate and advance group-wide ESG management, which is chaired by the Head of ESG Promotion, who is the Officer in charge of overseeing the promotion of Group’s ESG management, and is composed of the General Managers, etc. of relevant divisions. The ESG Committee promotes activities relating to the Group's sustainability, including the environment, compliance, social contribution, respect for human rights, and risk management.

h. Cyber Security Committee

The Company has established the Cyber Security Committee to reinforce the cyber security measures of the Group, which is chaired by the Officer in charge of the Information / Communication Systems Department, and is composed of the General Managers, etc. of relevant divisions.

i. Investment Evaluation Committee

The Company has established the Investment Evaluation Committee, which is chaired by the President of the Corporate Planning Headquarters and composed of the General Managers etc. of relevant divisions. The

committee examines risk and return and makes an evaluation on investments exceeding a certain amount, and it reports findings to the management meeting and assists appropriate investment decisions.

j. DX Committee

In April 2021, the Company established the DX Committee, chaired by the President of the Corporate Planning Headquarters and with the heads of related organizations as members, to coordinate and promote the DX (Digital Transformation: business transformation with digital technology) promotion of the entire Group across the organization from the perspective of alignment with business strategy, IT strategy, financial strategy, etc.

(2) Matters relating to outside Directors (roles and functions of outside Directors)

Based on their own experience and insights in their respective fields, each outside Director plays a role in decision-making as a member of the Board of Directors and monitors and supervises the execution of work duties of the executive Directors from an independent viewpoint.

(3) Initiatives for bolstering the functions of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Company selects three outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, who monitor the execution of work duties of the Directors from an independent viewpoint and strive to raise the effectiveness and quality of auditing by sharing information as necessary by holding regular meetings concerning annual audit plans and audit reports. Office of Audit & Supervisory Board with a dedicated full-time staff which is not under the direct control of the executive Directors has been established to support the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' auditing work and thus improve the auditing system.

The Auditing Department, Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and accounting auditors share information from time to time as necessary, including regular meetings on annual audit plans and audit reports, among other things, thereby working to enhance coordination and ensure the efficacy and quality of audits. Further, the Head of the Auditing Department and outside Officers (outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and outside Directors) exchange opinions regarding the status of internal controls and risk management.

(4) Policies on Deciding Remuneration for Officers

(i) Decision Policies on Content of Remuneration, etc. for Each Individual Director

The Company has established a policy on determining the content of remuneration, etc. for each individual Director (hereinafter the "Policy on Determining Remuneration") as prescribed by the resolution of the Board of Directors after deliberation at a voluntarily appointed advisory committee made up of a majority of the outside Directors. This policy is summarized as below. The system of paying retirement benefits to Directors has been abolished.

< Policy on Determining Remuneration >

a. Basic Approach

Remuneration for Directors shall be provided in a remuneration system designed to raise motivation for Directors to achieve sustainable growth and mid- to long-term increase in corporate value. Remuneration for Directors other than outside Directors shall consist of basic remuneration as fixed remuneration, performance-linked remuneration and stock-based remuneration, and remuneration for outside Directors shall only consist of basic remuneration as fixed remuneration, as they have a standpoint independent of business execution.

Remuneration for Directors shall be determined within the total amount of remuneration approved at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, after deliberation at a voluntarily appointed advisory committee made up of a majority of the outside Directors, from the perspective of ensuring objectivity and seeking transparency in the decision-making process.

b. Basic Remuneration

Basic remuneration shall be monetary remuneration paid on a monthly basis. The amount shall be determined in accordance with the rules prescribed by the resolution of the Board of Directors, while considering such factors as each Director's position and responsibilities, public standards, and other factors.

c. Performance-linked Remuneration

Performance-linked remuneration shall be monetary remuneration paid on a monthly basis. The amount shall be determined using the profit attributable to owners of parent for the past three years as the main indicator to

encourage contribution to short-term and mid- to long-term increases in corporate value.

d. Stock-based Remuneration

Restricted stock shall be granted at a certain time every year for the purpose of strengthening the linkage between remuneration and mid- to long-term increase in corporate value and further promoting sharing of value with the shareholders. The number of shares to be granted shall be determined with consideration for the positions and responsibilities of each Director and stock prices, etc.

e. Ratio by Type of Remuneration

For Directors other than outside Directors, the standard ratio of basic remuneration, performance-linked remuneration, and stock-based remuneration¹ should be 5:4:1. Remuneration for outside Directors shall fully consist of basic remuneration.

g. Procedures for Determining Remuneration

The content of remuneration for each individual Director shall be made in accordance with the rules prescribed by the resolution of the Board of Directors, and, after deliberation at the voluntarily appointed advisory committee, shall be determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors. However, the content of monetary remuneration may be determined by the Representative Director and President based on delegation of authority by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

(ii) Resolution of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders on Remuneration, etc. of Directors

The amount of remuneration for Directors was approved at the 203rd Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on June 25, 2021 to be up to 57 million yen per month for the monetary remuneration quota, within 72 million yen per year for the stock remuneration quota, and within 48,000 shares per year for the maximum number of shares. The number of Directors at the end of said Annual Meeting of Shareholders was 10.

(iii) Delegation, etc. of Decision of Content of Remuneration, etc. for Each Individual Director

The amount, timing and method of remuneration payment for each Director for the fiscal year under review is determined by Representative Director and President Takehiro Honjo based on delegation of authority by a resolution of the Board of Directors. The Company has delegated the above authority to the Representative Director and President, as the position is considered to be the best suited to determine the contents of remuneration, taking into account the status of the execution of duties by each executive Director while maintaining a comprehensive view of the Company's performance.

In addition, to ensure that the authority of the Representative Director and President is exercised appropriately, the delegation of authority is conducted so that the remuneration amount, etc. for each individual Director is determined in accordance with the Policy on Determining Remuneration and the rules prescribed by the resolution of the Board of Directors, while considering such factors as each Director's position and responsibilities, public standards, and the Company's business performance, after deliberation at a voluntarily appointed advisory committee made up of a majority of the outside Directors. As the amount of remuneration, etc. for each individual Director is determined through such a procedure, the Board of Directors has judged that the content of remuneration, etc. for each individual Director for the fiscal year under review is in line with the Policy on Determining Remuneration.

(iv) Resolution of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders and Decision on Remuneration, etc. for Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The amount of remuneration for Audit & Supervisory Board Members was approved at the 176th Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on June 29, 1994 to be up to 14 million yen per month. The number of Audit & Supervisory Board Members at the end of said Annual Meeting of Shareholders was five.

The amount of remuneration for each Audit & Supervisory Board Member shall be determined through discussions among Audit & Supervisory Board Members within this amount, and consisting only of fixed remuneration because they are assigned the role of auditing the execution of duties by Directors from a standpoint independent of the performance of the Company's businesses, and taking into consideration the position, etc. of each Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

The system of paying retirement benefits to Audit & Supervisory Board Members has been abolished.

(5) Policies on selecting candidates for Directors and on selecting and dismissing Representative Directors and other executive Directors

To attain sustainable growth and improve medium- and long-term corporate value, candidates for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members are in principle selected from a diverse group of people without regard to gender or nationality, taking their knowledge, experiences, abilities, and personalities etc. into account.

Based on this, when selecting, the Company takes into consideration expertise in managing the Group's energy business and other businesses for internal Director candidates and the individual's independent-mindedness for making objective judgments, and whether they have wide-ranging knowledge, wealth of experience, and expertise in their specialized fields for outside Director candidates. Further, the Company has heretofore ensured agile adaptation to changes in the management environment and clarification of management responsibilities by setting the term of appointment for Directors at one year.

In selecting candidates for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and selecting and dismissing Representative Director and other executive Directors, pursuant to the above policy, the Company makes a decision based on the deliberation of a voluntary advisory committee in which outside Directors comprise a majority from the standpoint of securing objectivity and transparency of the decision-making process (the composition of the voluntary advisory committee is the same as the remuneration advisory committee.)

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System (Updated)

The Company considers its current governance system best suited in order to respond swiftly to changes in the Group's business environment, make transparent, fair and decisive decisions, and implement efficient and appropriate actions. The reasons are as follows:

- The Company has adopted an executive officer system, which enables the Directors of the Company to focus on making business decision and monitoring and supervisory functions, and worked toward strengthening the business efficiency and the supervisory functions by vitalizing the Board of Directors.
- The Company has appointed several outside Directors, who monitor and supervise the execution of work duties of the executive Directors from an independent viewpoint, and outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, who monitor the execution of work duties of the Directors from an independent viewpoint.
- To maintain objectivity and achieve transparency, the matters relating to the nomination of Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the remuneration amounts for Directors are deliberated at a voluntary advisory committee of which a majority is outside Directors before decision is made.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary Explanations
Early Notification of General Shareholder Meeting	To allow shareholders time to carefully consider proposed resolutions, the Company sends out its shareholder meeting notifications early (about four weeks in advance of the meeting). Before sending out convocation notices, the Company discloses them on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, on the electronic voting platform for institutional investors operated by the ICJ, Inc., and on the Company's website.
Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights	The Company has adopted an electronic voting system in which voting rights can be exercised electronically over the Internet, etc.
Participation in Electronic Voting Platform	The Company participates in the electronic voting platform for institutional investors operated by the ICJ, Inc.
Providing Convocation Notice in English	The Company prepares English translations of its convocation notices (entire text), and before sending out the notices, the Company discloses them on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, on the electronic voting platform for institutional investors operated by the ICJ, Inc., and on the Company's website.
Other	Convocation notices, resolution notices and extraordinary reports related to the exercise of voting rights (both in Japanese and English) are listed on the Company's website.

2. IR Activities (Updated)

	Supplementary Explanations	Briefing given by President
Preparation and Publication of Disclosure Policy	The Company's Disclosure Policy has been prepared and can be accessed on the Company's website (https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/disclosure-policy/index.html).	
Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors	Briefings for individual investors are held as a part of the events sponsored by securities companies, such as equities investment seminars.	No
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	Briefings for analysts and institutional investors are held four times per year (quarterly). For two of the briefings (when announcing financial results for the second and fourth quarters), Representative Director and President provides explanations.	Yes
Posting of IR Materials on Website	Earnings results, financial information, business reports, securities reports, annual reports, fact books, and other corporate data are accessible via the Internet (https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/index.html).	
Establishment of Department and/or Manager in Charge of IR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Department in charge of IR: Corporate Strategy Department, Corporate Planning Headquarters ● Officer in charge of IR: Takeshi Matsui (Representative Director, Executive Vice-President, President of Corporate Planning Headquarters) ● IR Liaison Officer: Hiroki Matsui (IR General Manager, Corporate Planning Headquarters) 	
Other	Regular briefing sessions are not held for overseas investors, but Representative Directors hold individual meetings with overseas investors to explain corporate strategies, etc.	Yes

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

Supplementary Explanation (Updated)

Stipulation of Internal Rules for Respecting the Position of Stakeholders

In order to contribute to the sustainable growth of our society with the business partners in its domestic and overseas supply chain, the Group has formulated its “Daigas Group’s Corporate Principle,” the “Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct” and “Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct” to improve the level of sustainability activities of the entire Group through communication with stakeholders.

(1) Daigas Group’s Corporate Principle

The Group gives top priority to create value for customers by placing the Company’s motto “Service comes first” as the core belief behind its business activities and by striving to become a useful in enhancing the lives and businesses of its customers. The Group pursues “Creation of Four Values” in which it endeavors to create value for its customers and thereby build social value, shareholder value and value for its employees. (Please refer to the Company’s home page for details:

<https://www.osakagas.co.jp/en/ir/manage/brand/index.html>)

(2) Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct

Through its business activities, the Group aims to achieve sustainable economic growth and solve social issues together with its customers, society, shareholders, and employees.

In order to fulfill its stakeholders’ expectations, to fulfill its corporate social responsibility, and for the Group to seek sustainable growth, the Group has established the “Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct.”(*)Effective April 1, 2021, the “Daigas Group CSR Charter” has been reformulated as the “Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct.”

(Please refer to the Group’s home page at https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/beginning/csr_charter.html#1)

(3) Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct

The Group believes that implementing thorough compliance is the most important element of fulfilling its “corporate social responsibility,” and has thus formulated the Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct(the “Code”) as a standard for all Group companies on the conduct that the Group’s Officers and employees must exhibit. The Code is to be used as a basic template when the Group companies create rules. By conducting our business activities based on the Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct and the Code, we will fulfill our social responsibilities, be recognized by our customers and society as an indispensable and respectable company, and continue to be a company where each of us can realize our dreams and work with pride. Since the world moves very fast, even if matters not stipulated in these standards arise, we clearly state that we will consider the background and spirit of the Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct and the Code and take appropriate actions in accordance with them. The Code has also been revised to reflect the principles of global guidelines such as the UN Global Compact and ISO 26000. In addition, in April 2021, the Environmental Code of Conduct was integrated into this Code, and content related to contribution to climate change countermeasures and anti-corruption was added.

(Please refer the Company website: https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/beginning/principles.html)

Reference: The Essence of the Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct

- a. We will achieve a workplace where human rights are respected, and employees can work in comfort and with peace of mind.
- b. We will conduct business activities with legal compliance and decency.
- c. In conducting global business activities, we will comply with all local laws and regulations, and will respect international norms including those concerning human rights.
- d. We will properly consider the global environment in all of our actions.
- e. We will conduct fair business transactions and competitions.
- f. We will provide safe and high-quality products and services at reasonable prices, with the aim of enhancing customer satisfaction.
- g. We will act modestly and sensibly in our relationships with those with whom we do business.
- h. We will appropriately handle and disclose information with proper recognition of its value and importance.

- i. We will prohibit any association with anti-social forces.
- j. We will make appropriate tax payments and properly handle our financial accounts.

The ethos of the above-mentioned Corporate Principle, Charter of Business Conduct, Code of Business Conduct is incorporated into the policies and rules of every aspect of the Group’s business procedures and strictly enforced.

Implementation of Environmental Preservation Activities, CSR Activities, etc.

<Implementation of management taking ESG into account>

The Group aims to become a corporate group supporting ”continuous advancement” in consumer life and business and reflect awareness of social impact throughout Group’s value chain into its business activities. The Group has established the ESG Council and the ESG Committee to govern the Group’s sustainability activities to perform appropriate and active activities. The ESG Council, consisting of Executive Officers, deliberates sustainability plans and sustainability activity reports under the supervision of the President of the Company, while the ESG Committee chaired by the Head of ESG Promotion, who is the Officer in charge of overseeing the promotion of the sustainability management of the Group, consisting of the heads of business units, etc., coordinates and advances Group-wide sustainability activities. The management bodies also have opportunities for dialogue with internal and external stakeholders from time to time depending on the topic to enable flexible and appropriate responses to the demands of society.

(CSR Organization: https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/beginning/system.html)

The Group is promoting its sustainability activities based on the Charter of Business Conduct, establishing policies, structures, and indicators. The Group identifies activities that are important for stakeholders and the Company (materiality) in reference to the international sustainability reporting guidelines issued by the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and manages the progress of efforts on the basis of important indicators (materiality indicators). Comprehensive information on those efforts is disclosed on our website. The CSR report issued for the 2020 fiscal year report on our ESG-conscious global management initiatives as outlined in our Long-Term Management Vision 2030 and Mid-Term Management Plan 2020, “Going Forward Beyond Borders.” Under the theme of “Challenges for Daigas Group's Future - Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs),” the special feature reports on three examples of research and development utilizing the technologies that the Group has cultivated over the years. We also engaged in dialogue and collaboration with stakeholders, including institutional investors and analysts, and reported on the results of our activities in the CSR report.

(The Group’s CSR site: https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/index.html)

Major activities are as follows.

Overall

- Disclosure of information referencing international guidelines

Addressing the SDGs

- Challenges for the Daigas Group’s Future - Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) - : Starting a Verification Project to Establish a Virtual Power Plant (VPP) Using a Residential Fuel Cell, “ENE-FARM”; Contributing to the Development of Methanation Technologies for Low-Carbonization and Decarbonization of City Gas Materials; Developing Radiative Cooling Materials that Enable Zero-Energy Cooling During the Day.

Materiality (priority initiatives)

- Customer Health and Safety; Energy/Emissions; Local Communities; Customer Privacy; Training and Education; Diversity and Equal Opportunities; Supplier Assessment; and Economic Performance (risks and opportunities associated with climate change)

CSR Charter I

- Stable Procurement; Safety Measures at LNG Terminals; Safety Measures During Supply; Development of a Wide-area Gas Pipeline Network; Emergency Response System and Anti-disaster Measures; Products and Services Ensure Safe Use by Customers; Incorporating Customer Opinions

CSR Charter II

- Environmental Management; Actions for Climate Change: Recognition of and Action on Risks and Opportunities; Method to Evaluate Effects of CO2 Emissions Reduction; Working to Reduce CO2 Emissions; Efforts in Resource Recycling; Addressing Environmental Risks; Green Purchasing; Developing Environmental Technologies; and Conserving Biodiversity.

CSR Charter III

- Corporate Volunteering Activities under the “Small Light Campaign”; Collaboration with government, social entrepreneurs, and NPOs to solve social issues; Contribution to Kansai culture; Support for activities of the educational community, the next generation, and parents through education on food, fire and disaster prevention.

CSR Charter IV

- Improving Compliance Awareness; Compliance Desk (whistle-blowing contacts); Promotion of Global Compliance; Education and Training for Human Rights Awareness; and Efforts for Protection of Personal Information.

CSR Charter V

- Acceptance of Diversity; Balancing Work and Family; Human Resource Development and Rewards; Improving Occupational Health and Safety; and Maintaining and Improving Health.

Details on stakeholders engagement efforts through volunteer activities, educational activities on nutrition and local development via sports, progress on efforts to improve business efficiency, efforts to improve customer satisfaction, safety and disaster prevention, and information on technical development are disclosed on the Group’s various websites.

(The Group’s involvement: https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/index.html)

Formulation of Policies on Providing Information to Stakeholders

The Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct includes a provision concerning information disclosure, stating that the Group must work toward disclosing information in an appropriate and timely manner and that the Group must promote communication with society at large. “Rules for Information Disclosure” was formulated based on this article in the Code of Business Conduct and specify the organizations responsible for information disclosure, and requires improved transparency as well as active disclosure of information that must be disclosed.

Information that must be announced in a timely manner is accordingly disclosed via press release, while quarterly and annual reports are disclosed as booklets or on the Group’s website.

The reports of the Group’s sustainability activities – created in reference to the international sustainability reporting guidelines (GRI) and the Environmental Reporting Guidelines (Ministry of the Environment) , etc.– are disclosed on the website as well. The brochure version is accessible via an external distribution service so they can easily be obtained.

Other

(1) Promotion of Diversity

To strive for improved corporate value, the Group’s corporate and organizational structures are made up of members with diverse attributes such as gender, age, disability status, and nationality. The Group understands the indispensability of promoting diversity to build an environment where open and easy discourse is possible, and has established the Daigas Group Diversity Promotion Policy. We hope that each company of the Group will provide our employees with rewarding workplace where everyone is respected and free of discrimination and prejudice.

(2) Daigas Group Diversity Promotion Policy

a. Principle on Diversity

The Group is committed to promoting diversity within their organization to achieve creation of new corporate value through building strong organizations.

-We will seek to realize a group of enterprises with rewarding work environment where employees are respected, and without discrimination, their diversity is recognized, including gender, age, physical disabilities, nationalities, form of employment, lifestyles, religions, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
-As a basis for employees to pursue their career opportunities, the company implements policies to enhance work productivity and to realize suitable work-life balance for each employee.

b. Targets and Sustainable Actions

The Group intends to implement its activities for supporting, among others, females, the elderly, the physically challenged, and foreign nationals. A consideration will be given to building work environment for employees to achieve their higher career objectives. Minority workers should not be subjected to a disadvantage. The company considers the advancement of women to be a the touchstone of promoting diversity and targets to increase the ratio of female executives to 20% or more, the ratio of female employees among career-track employees promoted to managerial positions(*) to 30% or more by FY2031, to continue more than a 30% mark in recruiting females out of the total new recruits with career-track. The Company intends to implement these actions in a sustainable manner and report its performance.

(*)the ratio of female employees among career-track employees promoted to managerial positions in the fiscal year.

(3) Policy and efforts supporting female employees to play active roles

Since implementing its childcare leave and eldercare leave system in 1992, the Company has been making efforts to create a better working environment which promotes a work-life balance for its employees even before the Act on Advancement of Measures to Support Raising Next-Generation Children was implemented. The levels at the Company exceed the legal requirements, and in recognition of its efforts the Company was recognized by the Minister of Labour in 2001 as a “Family Friendly Company”. The Company has submitted an action plan four times since 2007 in accordance with the Act on Advancement of Measures to Support Raising Next-Generation Children, and the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare has certified the Company as a company with “Kurumin Mark”. With few female employees resigning due to childbirth or childrearing because of the Company’s merit-based system and its initiatives to expand the work field for female employees, the average duration of employment for male and female employees in FY2021 are almost the same at 17.0 years and 20.8 years, respectively.

In 2010, the Company, with its six affiliates, endorsed and expressed their support for the objectives of the Women’s Empowerment Principles (WEPs) and established the Diversity Promotion Team in the Human Resources Department in 2013. In March 2014, the Group has announced the Osaka Gas Group (Daigas Group) Diversity Promotion Policy with its goal to aid female employees to achieve successful careers, the Team has been working to diversify the workforce, raising awareness and promoting its “Smart Work” initiatives to create a work environment in which a diverse workforce can achieve success. The Company’s involvement in diversity issues have been recognized, as the Company was selected in FY2015 as one of the “one hundred diversity promotion companies” (in which the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry recognizes companies that promoted diversity while increasing corporate value). The Company also was selected as a “Nadeshiko Brand” for five consecutive years since 2014, and selected as a “Semi-Nadeshiko Brand” in 2021.

Under the Policy the Company is aiming to maintain the ratio of career-track employees at above 30% for female employees, make female employees account for 5% of the managerial staff by 2020, and to appoint female Officers at an early date. As a result, while 15% of female employees were career-track employees in FY2005, this figure reached 26.8% in FY2021 (30.2% on an average of seven years from FY2015 to FY2021), and whereas women accounted for only 0.3% of management in FY2005, the figure reached 5.0% (including four division general managers) in FY2021 partly due to reorganization. In addition, one female outside Director and one outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member have been appointed.

From FY2022, the Company have set new targets to increase the ratio of female executives to 20% or more, the ratio of female employees among career-track employees promoted to managerial positions to 30% or more by FY2031, to continue more than a 30% mark in recruiting females out of the total new recruits with career-track, and we will work to achieve these targets.

(See the Company’s website for details: https://www.osakagas.co.jp/csr_e/beginning/diversity_policy.html)

(4) Creating a Work Environment for the Disabled

a. Hiring the disabled

The Company does all it can to hire disabled persons and creates a work environment conducive to the talents of each individual. As a result of these efforts, disabled persons accounted for 2.34% of our workforce as of June 2021, well above the legal minimum of 2.3%.

b. Reemployment scheme

The Company has implemented a reemployment scheme to rehire employees who have reached mandatory retirement age, under which applicants are placed in jobs that match their skills and preferences. All the Group companies have similar reemployment schemes.

*Of the 190 employees reaching retirement age in the FY2021, 155 are rehired (100% of applicants)

*There were 1,685 senior workers at the Group in the FY2021 (employees 60 years of age or older in domestic consolidated companies)

IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development (Updated)

(1) Description of Internal Control Systems

The Company establishes systems (internal control systems) to ensure that Directors of the Company execute the duties in compliance with the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation and other systems necessary to ensure the properness of the Group's operations at meeting of the Board of Directors, and such systems are briefly described below.

(i) Systems to ensure that the execution of the duties complies with the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

a. Directors and employees of the Group shall sufficiently acquire and investigate information as the basis to execute the duties and through accurate understanding of the facts, make reasonable decisions in accordance with regulations on responsibilities and authorities.

b. For the Board of Directors to make appropriate decisions and enhance its supervisory role, executive Directors shall retain independent outside Officers. In addition, the executive officer system shall be adopted to enhance the Board of Directors' supervisory role and ensure efficiency in the execution of duties.

c. Executive Directors shall hold management meetings to provide information to the President and the Board of Directors to assist in the decision-making process and discuss strategies and important matters concerning its management of the business.

d. Executive Directors shall establish the "Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct" based on "Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct(*)". By familiarizing the directors and employees with the Code, executive Directors shall not only ensure the performance of duties in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation within the Group but also promote business activities in a fair and appropriate manner, which includes contributing to the preservation of the environment, promoting social contribution activities and dissociating from antisocial forces.

(*)Effective April 1, 2021, the "Daigas Group CSR Charter" became the "Daigas Group Charter of Business Conduct."

e. Executive Directors shall make efforts to understand the status concerning compliance within the Group and promote compliance practices by establishing a consulting and reporting system as an internal reporting system and an ESG Committee.

f. If any problems are discovered regarding compliance, Directors and employees of the Group are required to consult with or report to an executive Director or other superior, or report the matter via the consulting and reporting system depending on the level of seriousness or urgency. Executive Directors, General Manager of General Affairs Department or other superiors shall investigate details of such matter and take necessary remedial measures.

(ii) System concerning the maintenance and the management of information on execution of duties

a. Executive Directors and employees of the Group shall prepare minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors, approval documents or other similar documents specifying matters including matters affecting decisions and the process by which a decision was reached, in accordance with regulations on responsibilities and authorities.

b. Executive Directors and employees of the Group shall properly store and manage the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors, approval documents or other information on execution of duties according to the nature thereof.

(iii) Regulations and other systems to manage the risk of losses

a. Executive Directors shall take all possible steps to ensure the safety and stability of gas supplies in gas businesses by establishing safety regulations on matters concerning the construction, maintenance and operation of production and supply facilities, and by promoting the improvement of the production and supply systems.

b. Executive Directors of the Group and organizational heads of the Company (managers of basic organizations of the Company) shall take measures to prevent the occurrence of risks and minimize losses in the case of occurrence, and manage the risk of losses for each category of risk (risks due to external factors, internal factors, transactions with outside parties or other factors).

c. The risk of losses shall be managed at the level of each basic organization and each affiliate, and the head of each level shall manage the risk of loss and periodically conduct activities to confirm its effectiveness.

d. The emergencies that might have a material impact on the management of the Group shall be addressed according to the regulations on disaster countermeasures and business contingency plans.

(iv) Systems to ensure the efficient execution of duties

a. Executive Directors of the Group and organizational heads of the Company shall determine matters concerning the division of duties and decision-making within the Company and the Group in accordance with regulations on responsibilities and authorities. They shall also provide regulations regarding details of organizations and general matters to be observed during the execution of duties. By familiarizing employees with such regulations, they shall ensure the smooth management of organizations and the improvement of quality and efficiency of operations.

b. With the aim of maximizing corporate value, executive Directors of the Group and organizational heads of the Company shall establish medium-term business plans and annual plans for the Company and the Group, monitor its attainment by means of performance indicators and focus on achieving these plans.

(v) Other systems to ensure the properness of business operations

In addition to the above, executive Directors shall take the following measures and make efforts to ensure proper operations.

a. Companies to play a central role in each business area of the Group (core companies) or basic organizations to supervise affiliates (management support organizations) shall be designated to be responsible for day-to-day management of affiliates.

b. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, the efficiency and other similar matters of the Group as a whole shall be audited internally by the Head of the Auditing Department of the Company. If necessary in light of the results of such audit, remedial measures shall be taken promptly.

c. Internal control procedures shall be maintained, operated and evaluated in relation to financial reporting to ensure its credibility.

(vi) Matters concerning employees assisting Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the performance of their duties

a. Executive Directors, if requested by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, shall appoint employees to assist the Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the performance of their duties and establish an office of Audit & Supervisory Board staffed by these Audit & Supervisory Board Members' assistants.

b. Audit & Supervisory Board Members' assistants shall be engaged solely in assisting the Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the performance of their duties.

(vii) Matters concerning independence of Audit & Supervisory Board Members' assistants from Directors

a. Executive Directors cannot direct or give orders to Audit & Supervisory Board Members' assistants except where such directions or orders apply equally to all employees.

b. The opinions of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members regarding the evaluation, transfer, etc., of Audit & Supervisory Board Members' assistants shall be sought in advance and respected.

(viii) Systems for reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

a. Directors shall report immediately to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members if a matter that is significantly detrimental to the Company is discovered.

b. Directors and employees of the Group or auditors of the affiliates shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members without delay matters that have a material impact on the business of the Group, the results of internal audits, the situation regarding the main reports under the consulting and reporting system and other important matters.

c. Directors of the Group and employees of the Company shall report without delay when requested by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members to report on matters concerning the execution of duties.

d. Executive Directors and other supervisors of the Group shall not disadvantageously treat any person who reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members according to the preceding items for the reason that such report was made.

(ix) Other systems to ensure effective auditing by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

a. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members may exchange opinions periodically with the Representative Directors and the accounting auditor.

b. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members may attend management meetings and all company committee

meetings. They may investigate as appropriate material information concerning the execution of duties, such as approval documents.

c. Executive Directors shall ensure the Company provides the expenses or liabilities necessary for the execution of the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(x) Confirmation of operation status, etc.

a. Executive Directors shall periodically confirm and assess the status of the operation of the internal control system and report the results to the Board of Directors.

b. Executive Directors shall take necessary measures by taking into consideration the assessment results of internal control system and other situations.

(2) Operating Status of the Internal Control Systems

The Company confirms the operating status of the internal control systems on a periodic basis by identifying items to confirm for various matters and receiving reports from the organizational heads and other persons concerned. At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 23, 2021, it was reported that the internal control systems were operating in a proper manner.

The operating status of the internal control systems during the fiscal year under review is described in the following.

(i) Matters concerning compliance

The ESG Committee further promotes initiatives in each sector through the “Compliance and Risk Management Subcommittee,” the “Environment Subcommittee,” “Social Contribution Subcommittee.” The “Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct” has been revised to reflect recent changes in the external environment such as climate change measures and corruption prevention, expansion of business domains, etc. Moreover, educational materials, including a guide to the “Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct,” are posted on the intranet at all times to familiarize Directors and employees of the Group with said Code to promote and ensure its understanding thereof.

To promote further understanding and effective use of the consulting and reporting system for employees as an internal reporting system, a poster presentation is made to publicize the reporting system and detailed explanations on the system and the concept of compliance are provided via the intranet or other means.

(ii) Matters concerning risk management

Organizational heads of the Company and Presidents of the affiliates promote the management of the risk of losses and periodically conduct risk management assessments. Each basic organization or affiliate identifies risk items, checks the status of management concerning the risk items and conducts follow-ups or other measures by using such means as the “G-RIMS (Gas Group Risk Management System),” which systematizes the self-assessment of risk management practices.

In light of the spread of COVID-19 at home and abroad, we set up a task force and confirm the status of the Group’s responses, while taking measures to prevent infections, as necessary. Regarding the management of risks concerning security and disaster prevention which are common to the Group, the organization in charge is clearly specified, and the organization supports each basic organization and affiliate to ensure risk management on a Group-wide basis. To prepare for emergencies, regulations for disaster countermeasure and business continuity plans are prepared. We carried out company-wide disaster-prevention drills, which consist of earthquake drills and BCP exercises, and during the fiscal year under review, in addition to drills assuming disasters occurred amid a pandemic, we carried out collaboration training and exercises on a remote basis to ensure collaboration between gas pipeline operators and gas retailers in case of disaster.

The Cyber Security Committee is working to further strengthen countermeasures against cyberattacks from outside the Group network.

(iii) Matters concerning the management of businesses in the Group

The affiliates to be managed by the core companies or the management support organizations are designated and their managerial tasks are monitored by receiving reports on important issues from the affiliates. In addition, day-to-day management of those affiliates is performed by using the G-RIMS and/or conducting audits.

The Company’s Auditing Department, which conducts internal audits, implements planned internal audits of the Company’s organizations and the affiliates and provides follow-up audits after a certain period of time.

(iv) Matters concerning the effectiveness of audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members have periodic exchanges of opinion with the Representative Director and Chairman, the Representative Director and President and the accounting auditor, in which outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members also participate as necessary. Partly through the opportunity to exchange opinions with the accounting auditor, Audit & Supervisory Board Members evaluate the qualifications, expertise and independence of the accounting auditor.

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend important meetings such as the Management Meeting, the ESG Council, the Investment Evaluation Committee, etc., and read approval documents and other important documents. Through a Board of Directors' resolution on the internal control systems, they also clarify important matters to be reported to Audit & Supervisory Board Members and disseminate information thereof.

Four assistants to Audit & Supervisory Board Members are in place to engage solely in assisting Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the performance of their duties.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

The Company sets forth a principle in its Daigas Group Code of Business Conduct that any business transaction with or supply of profits to anti-social forces, for any reason, is unjustifiable and absolutely forbidden and shall cause the Officers and employees to comply with such principle by making them thoroughly aware each year on a regular basis. The following is a list of those measures' structures implemented.

- The General Affairs Department is responsible as the supervisory department, and a person in charge of preventing undue claims is appointed in every relevant organization.
- Preparing for emergencies, the Company cooperates with outside agencies specializing in anti-social forces (including police departments) and engages in information exchange.
- Information regarding anti-social forces are collected and appropriately shared within the Company.
- The Company is appropriately implementing awareness-raising efforts including preparing manuals and conducting in-house training.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures	Not Adopted
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Supplementary Explanation

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2. Other Matters Concerning Corporate Governance System (Updated)

Following is an outline of the Company's structure for timely information disclosure.

(1) Basic policy on disclosure of corporate information

The Group's Corporate Principle calls for the Company to work toward achieving fairness and transparency in its business activities and to improve its system for disclosing corporate information.

(2) Increasing awareness and enforcing rules on handling and disclosing information

The Company has established information handling and disclosure standards which the Group's Directors and employees must follow. Also, internal rules are in place for handling important business information related to insider trading regulations. The Company moreover has internal rules regarding information management and disclosure, and is working to strictly manage and make timely and appropriate disclosure of information concerning the Company's business, operations, and performance which may have a material effect on equities investment decisions.

(3) Comprehending and managing corporate information

Each head of the organizational unit (for an affiliate, its representative) appropriately comprehends and manages corporate information. The status of information management is inspected regularly by each organizational head (for an affiliate, its representative).

(4) Disclosure of corporate information

The head of each organizational unit (for an affiliate, the Officer in charge of the business support organization, the President of Core Non-Energy Business Company Group to which the affiliate belongs, the President of Core Energy Business Company, or the President of Overseas Regional Headquarters) that manages corporate information shall make decisions on disclosing information by considering the safety and interests of customers, vendors, employees, interests of shareholders, and social demands for disclosure and after consulting with the General Manager of the Corporate Communications Department. Regarding important information of the corporate information, disclosure decisions shall be made by the Director, head of each headquarter and business unit responsible for the organizations (for an affiliate, the Officer, head of each headquarter and business unit in charge of business support organization or the President of Core Non-Energy Business Company Group to which the affiliate belongs). For especially important information including resolutions of the Board of Directors, the President/Representative Director of the Company shall make the decisions on disclosure.

(5) Voluntary audits examining the status of corporate information disclosure

The heads of organizational units who manage corporate information (for an affiliate, the head of the business support organization, the President of the Core Non-Energy Business Company Group to which the affiliate belongs, the President of Core Energy Business Company, or the President of Overseas Regional Headquarters) conducts periodic evaluations and inspections on the status of information disclosure. The Head of the Corporate Communication Department, who is responsible for planning and promoting corporate information disclosure requests the heads concerned to report the results of the voluntary audits and requests that improvements be made based on the results.

(6) Basic process for timely disclosure

The head of the relevant organizational unit (for an affiliate, the head of the business support organization, the President of Core Non-Energy Business Company Group to which the affiliate belongs, the President of Core Energy Business Company, or the President of Overseas Regional Headquarters) discusses about corporate

